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APPENDIX C PENDING CLAIMS

- 1. (once amended) A method for identifying a compound that modulates signal transduction in sensory cells, the method comprising the steps of:
- (i) contacting the compound with a sensory cell specific G-protein alpha subunit polypeptide, the G-protein alpha subunit polypeptide comprising greater than 70% amino acid sequence identity to a polypeptide having a sequence of SEQ ID NO:2; and
- (ii) determining a functional effect of the compound upon the G-protein alpha subunit polypeptide, thereby identifying a compound that modulates signal transduction in sensory cells.
- 2. (as filed) The method of claim 1, wherein the G-protein alpha subunit polypeptide specifically binds to polyclonal antibodies generated against SEQ ID NO:2.
- 3. (as filed) The method of claim 1, wherein the G-protein alpha subunit polypeptide is recombinant.
- 4. (as filed) The method of claim 1, wherein the functional effect is a chemical effect.
- 5. (as filed) The method of claim 1, wherein the functional effect is a physical effect.
- 6. (as filed) The method of claim 1, wherein the functional effect is determined by measuring binding of radiolabeled GTP to the G-protein alpha subunit polypeptide or to a G protein comprising the G-protein alpha subunit polypeptide.

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7. (as filed) The method of claim 1, wherein the G-protein alpha subunit polypeptide is from a mouse, a rat or a human.

- 8. (as filed) The method of claim 1, wherein the G-protein alpha subunit polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:2.
- 9. (as filed) The method of claim 1, wherein the G-protein alpha subunit polypeptide is expressed in a cell or a cell membrane.
- 10. (as filed) The method of claim 9, wherein the functional effect is measured by determining changes in the electrical activity of cells expressing the G-protein alpha subunit polypeptide.
- 11. (as filed) The method of claim 10, wherein the changes in electrical activity are measured by an assay selected from the group consisting of a voltage clamp assay, a patch clamp assay, a radiolabeled ion flux assay, or a fluorescence assay using voltage sensitive dyes.
- 12. (as filed) The method of claim 9, wherein the functional effect is determined by measuring changes in the level of phosphorylation of sensory cell specific proteins.
- 13. (as filed) The method of claim 9, wherein the functional effect is determined by measuring changes in transcription levels of sensory cell specific genes.
- 14. (as filed) The method of claim 9, wherein the functional effect is determined by measuring changes in intracellular cAMP, cGMP, IP3, DAG, or Ca2+.

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15. (as filed) The method of claim 14, wherein the changes in intracellular cAMP or cGMP are measured using immunoassays.

- 16. (as filed) The method of claim 9, wherein the cell or cell membrane is attached to a solid substrate.
 - 17. (as filed) The method of claim 9, wherein the cell is a eukaryotic cell.
 - 18. (as filed) The method of claim 17, wherein the cell is a human cell.
 - 19. (as filed) The method of claim 18, wherein the cell is an HEK 293 cell.
- 20. (as filed) The method of claim 9, wherein the G-protein alpha subunit polypeptide is co-expressed with GPCR-B3 or GPCR-B4.
- 21. (as filed) The method of claim 1, wherein the G-protein alpha subunit polypeptide is linked to a solid phase.
- 22. (as filed) The method of claim 21, wherein the G-protein alpha subunit polypeptide is covalently linked to the solid phase.
- 23. (as filed) A method for identifying a compound that modulates sensory signaling in sensory cells, the method comprising the steps of:
- (i) expressing a sensory cell specific G-protein alpha subunit polypeptide in an HEK 293 host cell, wherein the G-protein alpha subunit polypeptide comprises greater than 70% amino acid sequence identity to a polypeptide having a sequence of SEQ ID NO:2;

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(ii) expressing a sensory cell specific G-protein coupled receptor in the host cell;

(iii) contacting the host cell with the compound that modulates sensory signaling in sensory cells; and

- (iv) determining changes in intracellular calcium levels in the host cell.
- (as filed) The method of claim 23, wherein the sensory cell specific G-24. protein coupled receptor is GPCR-B3 or GPCR-B4.